If productivity matters (and it probably does) then...

TEAM UP!



If productivity matters (and it probably does) then...

TEAM UP!



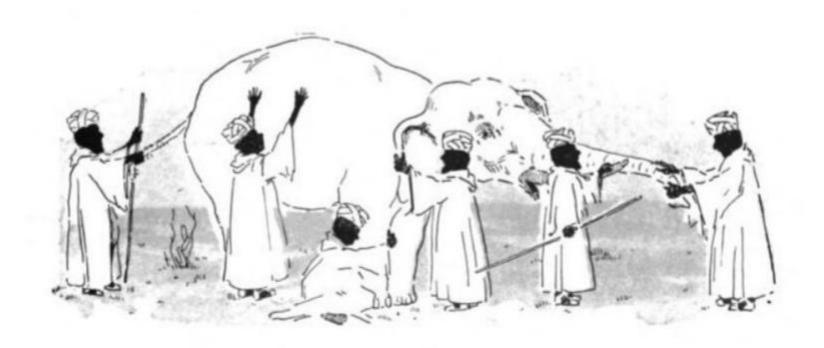
There are no villains in this piece

Don Gray

Almost all of the people
Almost all of the time
Are just trying to be helpful



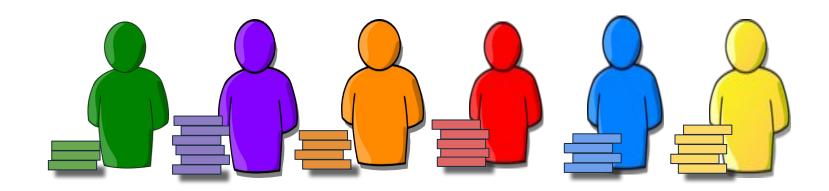




Over-communicating As Coping



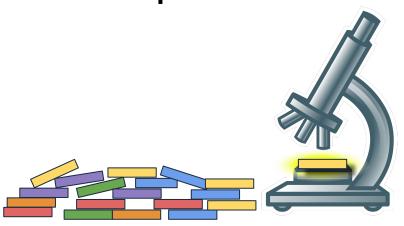
Individual Contributors



People have their own skill, knowledge, abilities, methods. Work is split and assigned to the best individual for the job.



Inspections



Each person has limited skills and knowledge.

Each person is imperfect.

Any change may have defects.

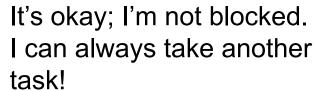


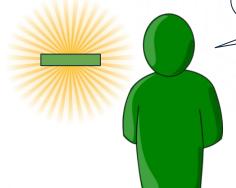
It takes time for code to cycle between people and departments in most organizations.

Each rejection from QA slows a feature by days or weeks. Some code comes back more than once.





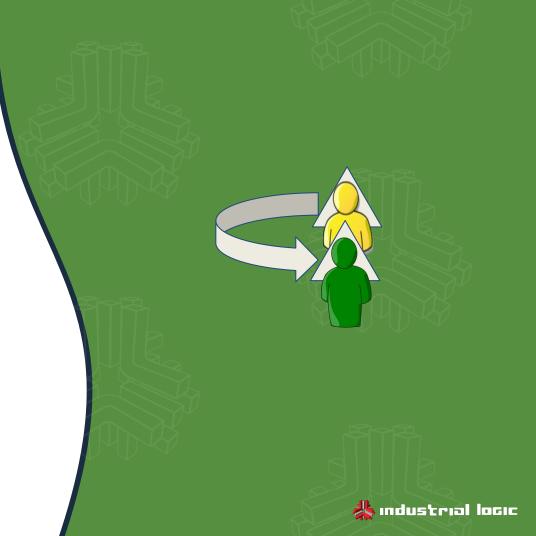








I've read that the industry average queue time for a PR is 5 business days.



I've no data on average time to turn around after a rejection

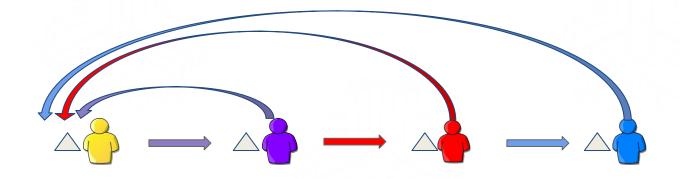
We've seen it take 2 months or more.





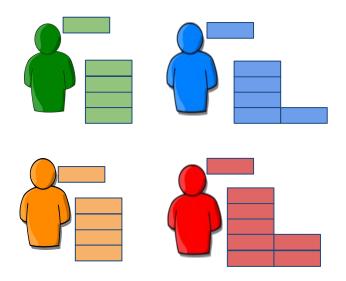
How many potential cycles do you have in your process?

How many NESTED loops in your process?



Work has to repeat each inner loop in order to make another pass at any outer loop.

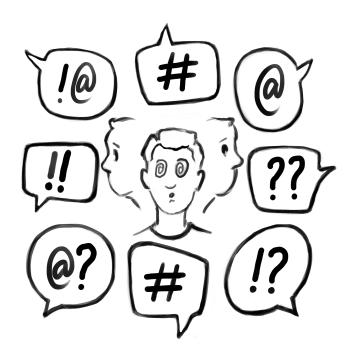




How much work isn't truly in progress?

How much partially-done work is waiting in queues?

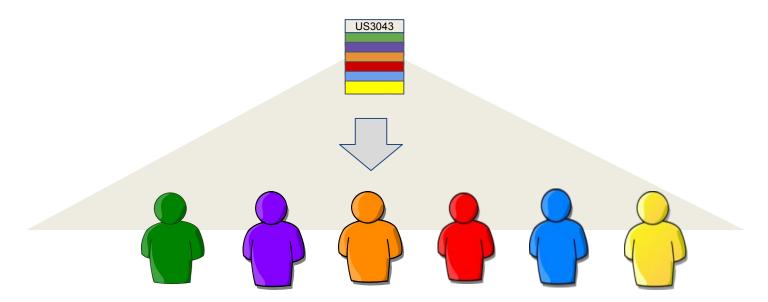




Each work item associated with your name is an invitation to interruption.



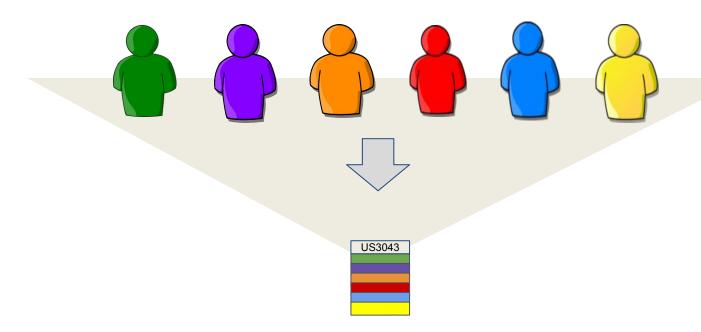
Work Scatter



Splitting & assigning work per person's skills is senior-level work requiring considerable design up front.



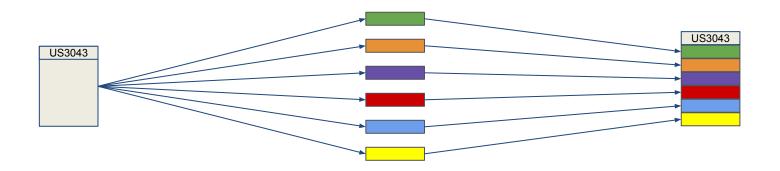
Gather



Ideally, the work will fit together w/o error when integrated.



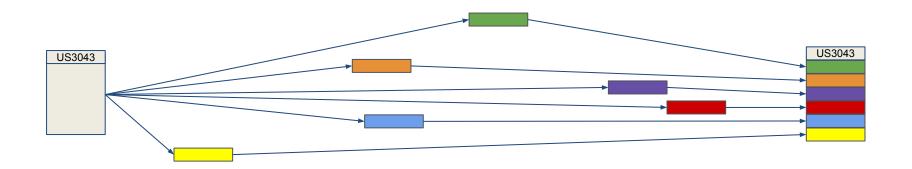
Intention of Scatter/Gather



Because the work can be done in parallel, it should be done sooner than if the work, divided into the same individual parts, was done in a serialized manner.



Reality of Scatter/Gather



Work is seldom done in parallel...
... nor can it be.



Parallelization:

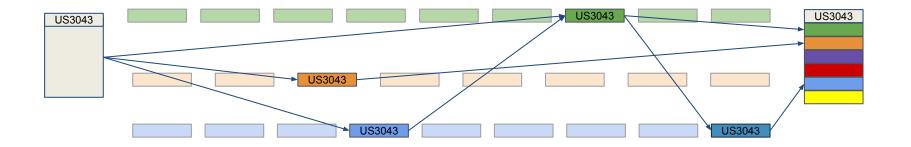
Independent jobs can be parallelized.

"I can wash dishes while you mop the bathroom."

Dependent tasks less so:

"I will wash the dishes while you cook in them."

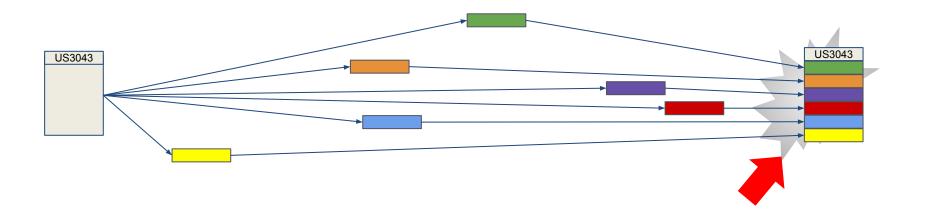
"I will wash the dishes while you eat from them!"



Each contributor has their own work queue and priorities.

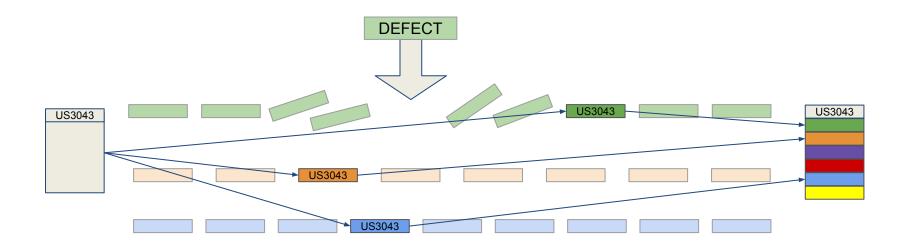
Tasks are not all independent





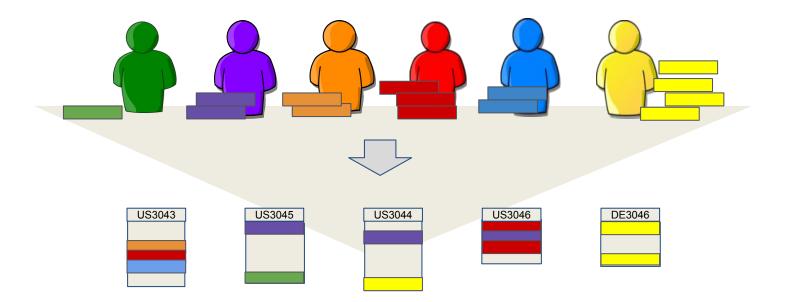
Because pieces were worked on by different people at different times, late integration failures are likely to loop defects back.

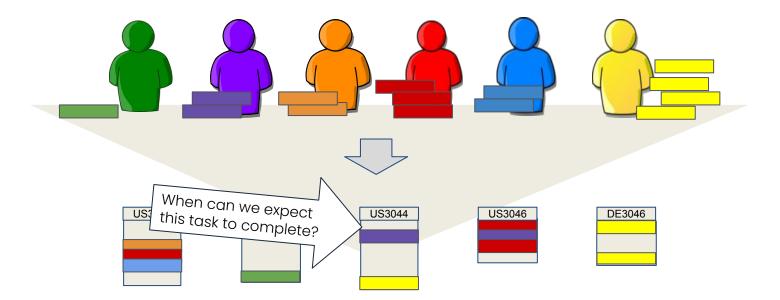


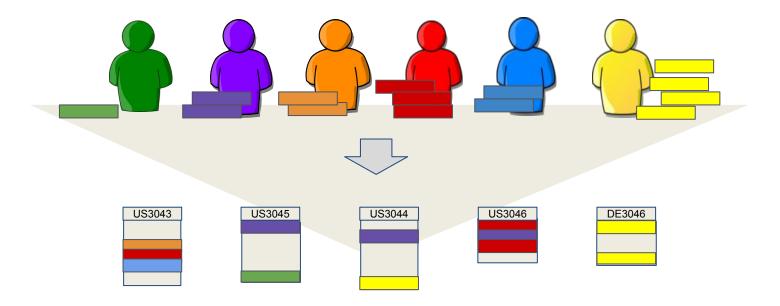


Each defect that loops back will disrupt a contributor's queue of work, delaying their work on any other features.



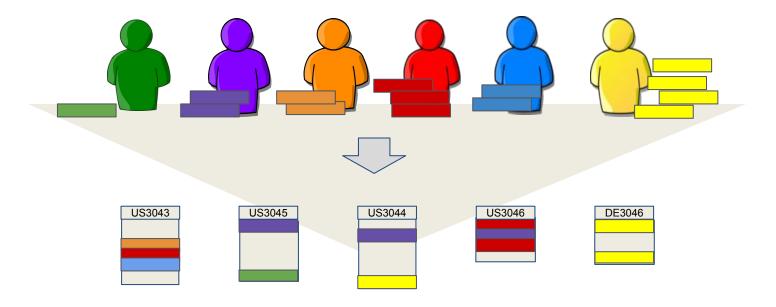






With *many* stories split, scattered, and active at the same time, predictability is lost.





Is this why we need sophisticated electronic systems: to help us track status of multiple, dependent, scattered work items?



Faster and More Predictable

Tim Ottinger



Everyone wants their software development organization to be faster and more predictable.

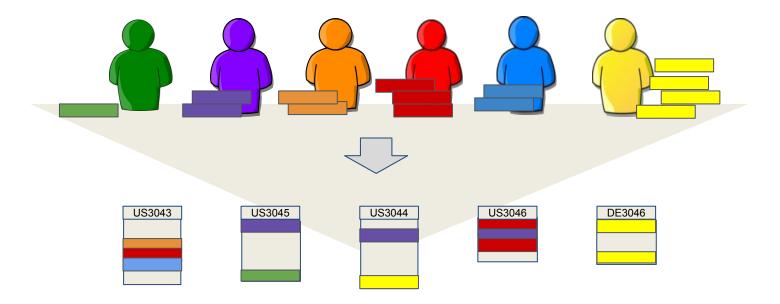
For most organizations, this is possible.



Tim OttingerSenior Consultant
Round Lake Beach, IL - USA

Contact





Do we receive higher throughput for the loss in predictability?









We would like to think so.

We take it on faith that we are getting more done since we are working on so many things and everyone is so busy!



Home > Blog > Over-Starting and Under-Finishing

Over-Starting and Under-Finishing

Tim Ottinger

18 Aug 2015 - 4 min read

(f) facebook

Twitter

Share on Twitter

Agile Anzen



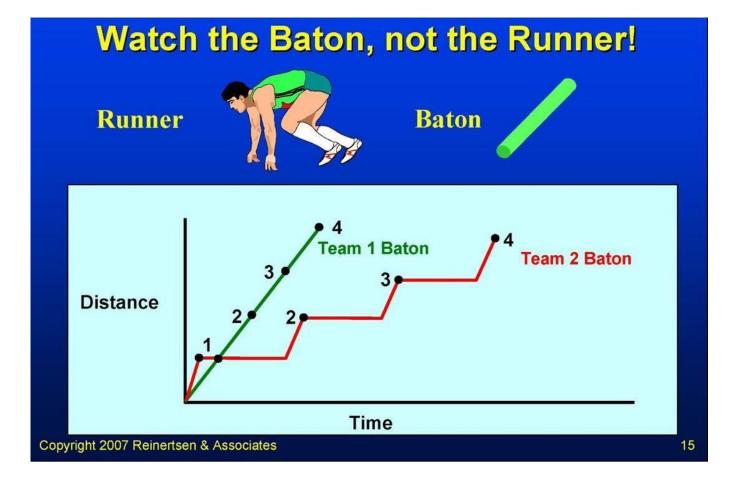


WHEW: we made it through the dark spaces.



Here are some kittens.







Watch the Baton, Not The Runners

Every handoff between busy people is a queue; work has to wait.

Our primary concern is the flow of work *through* the system.



Oh, hey! Aren't these mostly consequences of scatter-gather and solo work assignments?



Constant interruptions

Waiting for answers to questions

Waiting on PR, QA, etc

Work returned from PR, QA, etc

Lack of product knowledge

Permissions issues



Loops and nested loops

Solo specialist assignments

Requirements are not clear and relevant

Constant interruptions

Waiting for answers to questions

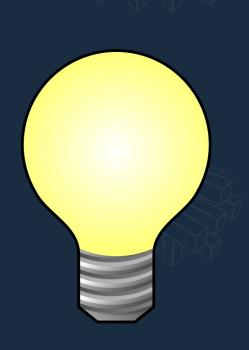
Waiting on PR, QA, etc

Work returned from PR, QA, etc

Lack of product knowledge

Permissions issues





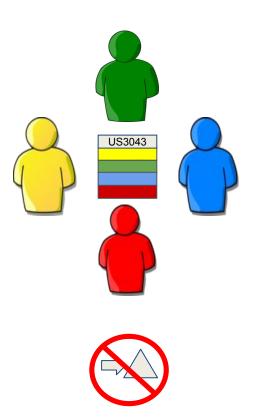
What if...

Instead of splitting the work, we gathered the people?

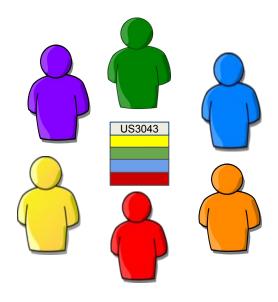


Gather people to avoid queues and handoffs between them.

Start together
Work together
Finish together









Include those who might otherwise reject/loop work back.

Start together
Work together
Finish together



For the scrum people in the room...

Scrum Teams are cross-functional, meaning the members have all the skills necessary to create value each Sprint. They are also self-managing, meaning they internally decide who does what, when, and how.

The Scrum Guide, 2020



For the XP people in the room...

XP teams are **self-organizing and cross-functional**. This has two important consequences: first, they're responsible for their own success. This means teams define success (by interviewing stakeholders and sponsors), create plans to achieve success, and execute on those plans without explicit management direction.

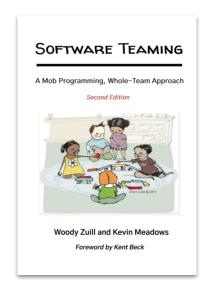
Second, XP teams include all the expertise necessary to do so.

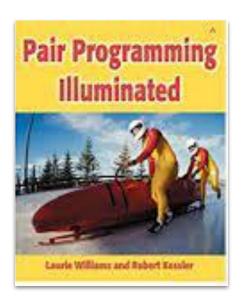
In practice, XP teams are composed of business experts ("customers"), implementation experts ("programmers"), and quality experts ("testers"). The whole team works together to create its own plans and deliver successful software. No single person is "in charge." Instead, leadership shifts fluidly with the situation.

James Shore



It Has Always Been About Working Together









Unevenness of skill and product knowledge

Each important skill need only be in the team, rather than in each individual.

Teams can review the code as they are writing it, from multiple viewpoints.

Code is vetted and tested before it is committed, eliminating queues.

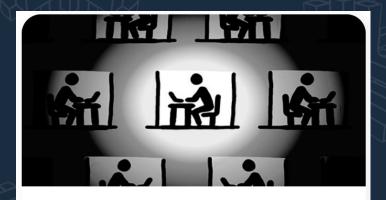


Lower WIP

With fewer things in progress there is less to keep track of.

Work is sliced to deliver, not to developer's specific skill sets.



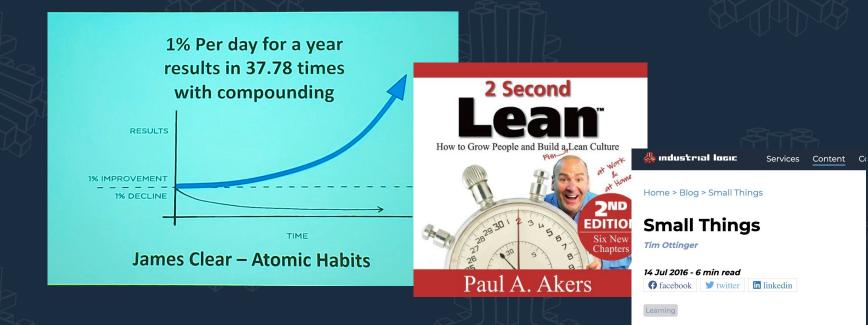


By Tim Ottinger

Pitfalls Of Solo Work

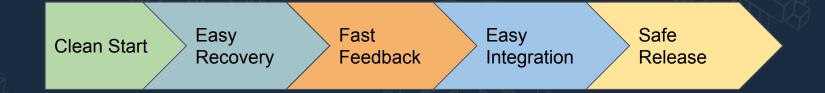
Is dividing work among individuals really effective? Maybe not...

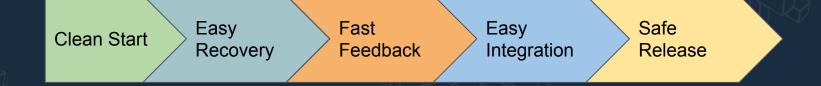




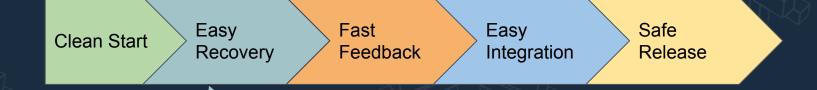
Large changes are hard.

Hard enough that they seldom happen,





Check git status, it should be 100% clean (no leftovers)
Check out from the main branch
All Tests run GREEN
You know that you have no unfinished work



Make small changes
Work with tests so that you can spot an error quickly
Commit frequently so you can safely roll back



Rely on tests as you work
The whole team deliberates together
Integrate frequently to spot incompatibilities
Sponsors review product as it is being developed



Clean Start Easy Fast Easy Integration Safe Release

Frequently pull from main so you spot issues early
Test before and after integrating from main
Test before pushing to main
Monitor the CI pipeline

Clean Start Easy Recovery Fast Easy Integration Safe Release

Automate releases so no human error is introduced Create zero-downtime releases
Automated tests cover key functionality
Feature flags/toggles used where necessary





industrial locic



I'm moving to Scotland!

I will serve Europe, Asia, and the US from my new home in Edinburgh.

Availability starting in October.

Check out our public workshops!



