# The Café Kaizen Game:

# Removing Conflicts in Complex Environments

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## GUIDELINES FOR FACILITATING THE GAME AND THE PROBLEM-SOLVING DIAGRAM

Café Kaizen is a group dynamic that can be performed by any team and conducted by a facilitator who understands its principles and operation. However, better and effective results can be gotten if different techniques and models from NLP (Neuro Linguistic-Programming) are used by the facilitator: Rapport, Meta Model, Structure of Change, Well-Formed Conditions for Outcomes, Logical Levels, S.C.O.R.E. and Conflict Resolution).

# **RESOURCES**

To organize a Café Kaizen event you will need:

- An adequate place for the number of participants ( $\leq$ 30)
- The specific problem-solving diagram (banner or flip charts)
- Sticky notes and markers to write ideas and observations
- Team members working as "investigators"
- Coffee, Snacks & Beverages

#### **PREPARATION**

To run the Café Kaizen Game you will need:

- To setup the day and time (preferable by the morning)
  08:30 09:00 Welcome Coffee (warm up)
  09:00 10:30 Problem-Solving Dynamic
- Invite interested parties
  - A team facing a complex problem
  - People who are part of the problem
  - Other teams that can face the same problems
  - Volunteers that can help solving the problem

## **BASIC STEPS**

- During the welcome coffee explain the dynamic (if the first time) and ask for the team to present the problem
- People will work in a brainstorming way by considering participants as a team of investigators
- Start discussing the symptoms of the actual scenario, considering the negative results, environment (where and when), roles (who), behaviors or attitudes (what) and knowledge and skills (how)
- Next are to the outcomes of desired scenario, considering the same thinking process of the actual scenario
- Investigate positive and negative side effects of the transformation, reframing negative observations (constraints)
- Identify possible causes that can prevent the team to move from the actual to the desired scenario
- Ask participants to think about what viable resources can help them moving from that causes to that desired effects
- Ask for two volunteers to take the responsibility for the improvement initiative (Kaizen execution)



### **CONSIDERATIONS**

- Typically, ideas registered in post-its are manifestations of individual and collective beliefs
- It's difficult to keep the analysis sequence (see below) because people expose their ideas in different ways
- Declarations about "non-symptoms" (the absence of) are typically beliefs about a desired scenario
- Trying to identify the main causes before analyzing the desired scenario can result in conflicts and blaming
- Finishing the analysis with beliefs on undesired effects can result in someone contrary to the transformation
- Always make specific questions when conducting the event or managing conflicts between participants
- Be specific to deliver achieve better results within two months of actions
- After the event, the facilitator should write a summary about the problem, scenarios and selected resources

